

Higher Algebra I — Fall 2005

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Problem 1: Prove *Cauchy's Theorem*: Let p be a prime divisor of the order of a finite group G . Then there exists an element $a \in G$ of order p .

Problem 2: Prove that there is no simple group of order pqr , where p, q and r are distinct primes.

Problem 3: Prove that there is no simple group of order 2907.

Problem 4: Let A be a finite abelian group and let p be a prime. The p^{th} -power map is the homomorphism defined by

$$\varphi : A \longrightarrow A, \quad a \mapsto \varphi(a) = a^p.$$

Let A^p be the image and let A_p be the kernel of φ , respectively. Prove that $A/A^p \cong A_p$. (Hint: Show that both groups are elementary abelian p -groups of the same order. An elementary abelian p -group is an abelian group where each element besides the identity has order p .)

Problem 5*: Prove that there is no simple group of order 1004913. (Hint: Find all possible values for the numbers n_p of p -Sylow subgroups and exclude them one by one. Finally, use a permutation representation of degree 819 to exclude the last case.)